

Washington County Juvenile Crime Prevention and Advisory Committee October 07, 2021 Meeting Minutes



Members Present: Alexis K., Amy Watts-Padilla, Bria Woodworker-Schmid, Christine Otto, DeAnna Negrete, Dustin Staten, Faith Buchanan, Fidel Escalante, Ian May, Jessica Sim, Katie Riley, Leland Gilbert, Marcus Ford, Matt Conrad, Nafisa Fai, Naomi Hunsaker, Olga L. Acuña, Rachel Mariscal, Rebecca Matz, Rolanda Garcia, Sidonia Simpson, WA Co Chair Kathryn Harrington

Guests Speakers: Christine Otto, Sidonia Simpson, Micaella Flores, MESD-Bars to Bridges team

Staff: Lynne Schroeder, Jennifer Cearley, Kate Kerrigan, Rachael Mark, Max Lopez

CALL TO ORDER

Lynne called the meeting to order at 2:31pm

APPROVAL OF MINUTES

Previous meeting mins June 03,2021 approved by staff

Introduction- Who is missing from the Table – lead by Jennifer Cearley

Jennifer Cearley facilitated the introduction of each member present and asked them to state what they were looking forward to this fall.

Asked for suggestions from the group on who JCPAC should provide an invite. No suggestions at the moment Jennifer asked members to think on it and send her names later.

MESD- Bars to Bridges - lead by Christine Otto

Christina Otto provided a PowerPoint presentation.

See PowerPoint "MESD - DEL and Bars to Bridges_ Culturally Responsive Education Advocacy"

Contact information:

1	Christine Otto	Micaella Flores	Sidonia Simpson	
	Senior Administrator - Safety and Justice	Senior Transition Specialist	Court Intervention/Referral Specialis	S.
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	1-(503)-260-1138 (cell/text)	1-(971) 517-7953 (cell/text)	1-(971)-710-2010 (cell/text)	

B2B Referral email: b2breferral@mesd.k12.or.us

Measure 110 decriminalization of drug possession and Screening Brief Intervention Referral to Treatment (SBIRT)- lead by Rachael Mark

We have a temporary process in place to address Measure 110 cases that includes behavioral health screens and offering referrals to treatment (or other services as identified). We will have juvenile department staff trained to offer SBIRT to these youth and their families in the near future.

Given the elimination of fines and fees along with the passing of Measure 110, we are also evaluating how we process MIP cases. For now, we are maintaining our three-tiered approach to these referrals (education, brief intervention, treatment diversion) with the hopes that people will continue to engage in our services. However, in time, our hope is to offer SBIRT to some of our MIP youth as well.

Our next step is to share updates with law enforcement, so they know we are continuing to respond to these various violations despite the change in potential consequences. Eventually, we plan to have a conversation with our public safety system partners as we look to shift our programming to better address adolescent substance use as a public health issue.

Drug Court Update – lead Rachael Mark

Showed PowerPoint with information on the Peer Review done on August 24-26, 2021. Review was done by OJD, NPC, CJC, and some members of the Yamhill County JDTC.

The peer review was done virtually and involved:

- Evaluation of program documents
- Observation of staffing and court
- Hosted remote youth & parent focus groups
- Each team member provided a 45min -1hr individual interview
- The final step was a debrief and review

See PowerPoint for details of the results from the review. "KTS Updates 100721"

CJC Grant Approved! \$424,000-

OJDDP Grant application has been submitted- expect to hear about approval status by the end of the year.

JCPAC Advisory Role - lead by Lynne Schroeder

The role of JCPAC members is to provide input and expertise from each member's unique discipline and life experiences on how we can have the most effective and balanced juvenile justice system possible in Washington County.

Principles Applied

Trauma Informed

Developmentally Appropriate

Public Health: Is this a criminal issue or a health issue?

Gender Specific

Culturally Responsive/Equity

Motivation: What will catch this youth's spark?

Family Engagement

Lynne will provide an update on system of care reform- Involves all systems that touch on youth and a desire to help them be healthy. The hope of the reform is that barriers will continue to be removed.

Legislative updates- expunction statutory changes and Juvenile fines and fees elimination - lead by Lynne Schroeder

Provided a summary of the changes in the Juvenile Justice System from 2017 to now.

The School Justice Project with CJJR is working to reduce the number of exclusionary types (suspension and expulsion) of discipline in schools.

Diversion program starting 2021/2022 (ROSA program) will work with middle school first time offending youth.

All of these changes have the goal to remove barriers and provide greater equity to the system.

See PowerPoint "Legislative updates"

Center for Juvenile Justice Reform application (CJJR) update – lead Jennifer Cearley

Jennifer Cearley provided a brief description on who George Town is and how their programs work.

Goals for this program,

Create a youth advisory council and once it is going well, expand to a family advisory council Engage families to help identify the types of support they need.

The application and interview have been completed. George Town will reach out to those who have been selected to participate. We are hoping to find out in the next month or so.

If accepted; there will be an extended team and Jennifer Cearley asked JCPAC members to think on if and how they may like to be part of that. This team would be separate from the JCPAC group.

Juvenile Department 2020 Data- update – lead Kate Kerrigan

See PowerPoint. "2020 Quick Reference Report Presentation-JCPAC Oct 2021" and "one-sheet guide"

Information provided came from:

https://www.oregon.gov/oya/jjis/Pages/Reports.aspx

Contact information:

Kate Kerrigan Research & Evaluation Analyst

kate kerrigan@co.washington.or.us

Marcus Ford- is the Juvenile Department committed to following the recommendations coming from the EOC on data processing? – Kate is committed to growth – there are some limitations due to using the statewide database that is in the process of modernization.



Washington County Juvenile Department Quick Reference for 2020



Washington County You	th Populat	tion	62,267		Gender (Referred Youth)	2018	2019	2020	% of 1
Source: US Census data				Male	873	842	582	64.9	
Youth, Referrals and Allo	egations				Female	529	452	315	35.1
	2018	2019	2020	% + or -	Age (Referred Youth)	2018	2019	2020	% of
Youth Referred	1403	1299	900	-35.9%	12 and Younger	89	130	97	10.8
Referrals Received	2197	1916	1294	-41.1%	13-15	639	637	390	43.3
Allegations Received	3304	2926	1313	-60.3%	16 and Older	675	532	413	45.9
Crime Groups and Types									
//	2018	2019	2020	% Change	Detention Admissions			228	
Felony Allegations	645	529		-57.2%	Male: 175 (77%)	Female:	52 (23%)		
Misd. Allegations	1299	1409		-61.0%	African American		16	7.0%	
Violations	604	392		-85.1%	Asian		17	7.5%	
Person Crime Alleg.	474	552		-49.2%	Hispanic		94	41.2%	
Property Crime Alleg	759	666		-61.5%	Native American		1	1.6%	
Public Order Crimes	429	494		-58.0%	White		92	40.4%	
Criminal Drug/Alcohol	130	69		-86.9%	Unknown/Unknown		8	3.5%	
Criminal Other	154	157		-70.8%	Official off		O	3.370	
Offenses of Interest (Alle		137	40	-70.870	Dispositions				
Offenses of interest (And	2018	2019	2020	% Change	Dispositions		2018	2019	20:
Arson/Fire Crimes	13	24		23.1%	Youth placed at YCF		19	29	20
						ont	6		
Assaults	233	258		-43.8%	Youth in OYA Comm. Placem Youth Formal Probation	ient		13	1
Burglaries	36	12		-19.4%			123	155	1:
Curfew	100	49		-69.0%	Youth placed on FAA		78	89	
Criminal Mischief	148	136		-43.9%	Youth to Youth Court		53	22	2.
Criminal Trespass	84	89		-56.0%	Youth on Informal Sanction 501		435	2	
Criminal Drug	130	69		-86.9%	not all dispositions are listed				
Harassment	285	330		-60.7%	Programs and Services				
MIP	167	112		-88.0%			2018	2019	20:
Marijuana Offenses	275	192		-72.0%	Measure 11/SB 1008		20	25	:
Robbery	128	80		-85.2%			12		
Runaway	695	563		-42.9%			108	!	
Sex Offenses	185	267		-45.4%	Adolescent Skill Building Gro	up	95	84	10
Thefts	349	319		-69.3%			213	14	
Tobacco	52	32	2	-96.2%	Family Navigators		29	48	
Weapon Crimes	56	57	17	-69.6%	STEP Mentors		42	82	3
Race/Ethnicity (Referred	Youth)				Conciliation Orientation Part	ticipants	1101	929	47
	2018	2019	2020	% of T	Conciliation Mediations		633	516	32
African American	87	93	84	9.3%	Community Service, Restitu	tion Dollars, a	ind Victim	IS	
Asian	53	52	37	4.1%					
Hispanic	473	450	287	31.9%			2018	2019	202
Native American	11	9	10	1.1%	CSW Hours Completed		4,296	4,124	2,63
White	754	636	434	48.2%	Restitution \$ Received		\$75,726	\$47,183	\$36,22
Other/Unknown	25	59	48	5.3%	Victims Referred		893	1177	88
Race/Ethnicity (Youth 10	0-17) acros	s Washir	ngton Co		Risk and Recidivism				
, , ,	2018	2019		% of T			2018	2019	202
African American	2,133	2,194	2,218	3.6%	Initial JCP Risk Assessments Co	ompleted	513	496	37
Asian	7,692	7,795	7,639	12.3%	JJIS High Risk Youth (23.7% o	•	162	125	8
Hispanic	15,974	16,411	16,474	26.5%	JJIS Medium Risk Youth (39.2		188	198	14
Native American	406	386	357	0.6%	JJIS Low Risk Youth (36.6% o		162	171	1
White	36,130	35,901	35,579	57.1%	Overall Recidivism (crimes o	•	28.8%	23.5%	
	30,130	33,301	33,373	37.170	Formal Prob. Recidivism (cri		32.4%	24.6%	
numbers based on census estimates					IS Recidivism (crimes only)	nes only)	21.6%	21.3%	
						accontri			
					Youth Court Recidivism (crim	ies only)	9.4%	8.7%	
					ENVICTIMAL ONLY		/1(1 /%	/h 11%	

FAA (crimes only)

40.7%

26.0%

Round table- lead by all

Katie Riley- sponsoring a DEI training for out of school time provider organization Nov 10th panel discussion is open to the public (40slots already filled) this discussion will be about race. Katie will send the information to Max

Jessica Sim is the new POIC staff member working as part of ROSA as an early intervention coordinator.

Fidel Escalante- starting parenting group oct 14th. Don Jose has sent out the topics they will be reviewing in the groups.

Lynne- Public service council has 2 open positions to fill (see email Lynne sent)

Naomi Hunsaker-Fentanyl and counterfeit pills. A new DEA brief is coming out. Half of all overdoses (ODs) involved Fentanyl the most common age of OD is 30. Any pill not provided by a doctor is probably Fentanyl. If anyone is interested in getting a supply of Naloxone (medicine that rapidly reverses an opioid overdose) contact Naomi Hunsaker Naomi Hunsaker@co.washington.or.us to be set up with that option.

Bria Woodworker-Schmid update- DVRC counseling has new interns for the academic year. She is able to open her schedule for youth referrals and they are starting up a coping with conflict program. Counseling is in a hybrid model still but does offer some in person help when needed.

Family justice center has a new director Rachael Schultz from the boys and girls club.

Two new boys and girls clubs are starting up in two Hillsboro elementary schools.

MESD- Bars to Bridges PowerPoint

lead by Christine Otto

MESD - DEL and Bars to Bridges Culturally Responsive Education Advocacy

Educating Our Justice Involved Youth

Multnomah Education Service District



Agenda

Overview of Multnomah ESD

■ Juvenile Detention Education Program (JDEP)

■ Bars to Bridges (B2B)

□ Q&A



Multnomah Education Service District



1	Clackamas ESD
2	Columbia ESD
3	Douglas ESD
4	Grant County ESD
5	Harney ESD
6	High Desert ESD
7	InterMountain ESD
8	Jefferson ESD
9	Lake ESD
10	Lane ESD
11	Linn Benton Lincoln ESD
12	Malheur ESD
13	Multnomah ESD
14	North Central ESD
15	NW Regional ESD
16	Region 18 Wallowa ESD
17	South Coast ESD
18	Southern Oregon ESD
19	Willamette ESD



Multnomah Education Service District

Core Services

- School Health Services
- Special Education
- Alternative Education
- Technology
- Outdoor School
- Instructional Services/School Improvement
- Business Services

Contracts

- Jails
- JDEP
- Hospitals
- Long Term Care
- Medical Clinics
- YCEP

Grants

- Bridges
- Bars to Bridges



Juvenile Detention Education

- Baker Creek (Yamhill Detention)
 - Clatsop
 - Columbia
 - Polk
 - Tillamook
 - Yamhill
- Donald E. Long (Multnomah Detention)
 - Clackamas
 - Multnomah
 - Washington
- Ponderosa Creek (Linn Detention)
 - Benton
 - Lincoln
 - Linn



Juvenile Detention Education

- Contract based w/Oregon Department of Education
- Funding updates
- Year Round Education
 - Educational programs
 - Special Education, including Child Find
 - ELL, 504, TAG support as needed
 - Minimum of 220 school days a year
 - Assessments
- Enrollment/Withdrawal Notification
- Credits Count!
 - All MESD locations are accredited
 - Length in program matters
 - Transcripts



Educational Transitions

The Need

- Over 40% of our youth have not been in school for over a year (pre-pandemic).
- Many youth come to us chronically absent from school.
- Students report that their last educational experience was in a JDEP or YCEP location.

Our Support

- DEL Transition Support
- Bridges
- Bars to Bridges (B2B)



Our Transition Supports: Bars to Bridges





Bars to Bridges (B2B)

- Serving youth since 2016 as part of funding received through House Bill 2016, also known as the African American/Black Student Success Plan.
- Supports positive educational transitions and outcomes for BIPOC justice-involved youth and their families. We advocate for equitable educational and cultural experiences through outreach with community partners and share resources on culturally relevant interagency practices.
- Our primary location is in Donald E. Long Juvenile
 Detention Center, which serves tri-county youth.

The School to Prison Pipeline

- Statistics from ACLU's 08-09 report depicted the disproportionality of school discipline across race in Oregon and continued ten years later in ODE reports.
- It is common that these children may have learning disabilities or histories of poverty, abuse, or neglect, and would benefit from additional educational and counseling services.
- Bars to Bridges was created out of the need to serve youth who faced pushout of their school settings and into juvenile detention.

Oregon Public School Discipline: 2018-2019

According to <u>data</u> collected from Oregon Department of Education in the 2018-2019 SY, the population of students disciplined showed:

- 12.5% of African American/Black students disciplined.
- 12.4% of American Indian/Alaska Native students.



Washington County Data 18-19 SY

District	Expulsion	Out-of-School Suspension	In-School Suspension	Total Incident Count	Student Population Count
Banks SD 13	*	33	6	39	1,124
Beaverton SD 48J	81	1333	251	1,665	40,964
Forest Grove SD 15	33	200	116	349	6,088
Gaston SD 511J	*	7	11	18	574
Hillsboro SD 1J	31	869	297	1,197	20,550
Sherwood SD 88J	11	81	30	122	5,331
Tigard-Tualatin SD 23J	7	169	252	428	12,701

Total incident count includes Expulsion, OSS, and ISS

Data was taken from Oregon Department of Education 18-19 SY Discipline Inc

*Data was taken from Oregon Department of Education 18-19 SY <u>Discipline Incident</u>
Collection*



Washington County Numbers: 2018-2019

According to data shown:

- Of the total discipline incidents reported in Forest
 Grove SD, 9.5% were expulsions, the highest amongst its respective school districts in Washington County.
- Beaverton SD had the highest number of Out of School Suspensions (OSS) at 1,333. OSS made up 80% of their total discipline incidents.

Washington County Numbers: 2018-2019

- Hillsboro SD has the second highest Out of School Suspensions (OSS) with 869, making up 73% of its total discipline incidents.
- In Hillsboro SD, 4.2% of the student population received out of school suspension. Hillsboro also had the highest percentage of OSS in comparison to other districts in the county.

Current Goals of B2B

- Reduce the number of discipline incidents and interrupting the school-to-prison pipeline.
- Increasing academic achievement through culturally responsive and trauma informed practices and relationships.
- Increase attendance and reduce absenteeism rates for BIPOC students.
- Increase graduation rates for BIPOC students
- Increase the post-secondary enrollment rates of BIPOC students high school graduates and GED completers.



Who Qualifies?

- Identify as Black, African American, Bi-racial, Multiracial, American Indian/Alaska Native
- Any justice-involved youth age 11-24
 - Detention or Incarceration
 - Court Intervention
 - Referral
- Must live in the State of Oregon
- Voluntary



The B2B Model

- As youth come through detention, court, or a referral from their Juvenile Court Counselor (JCC), they are paired with a Transition Specialist (TS).
- The TS will work with the youth and their families/support network for reentry or engagement in their educational institution.
- When students become eligible, a Transition
 Specialist meets with them and then stays with them as they move through their education journey, regardless of where it takes them in Oregon.

What is a Transition Specialist?

- Culturally responsive and trauma informed professionals.
- We build positive and trust-based relationships between the student, the student's family and other involved adults. Fostering these relationships is the life-blood of B2B.
- Our services are also offered to the siblings of eligible youth. Additionally, B2B assists the families of youth in connecting with wraparound resources, as well as social and community services

Case Management

- Individualized case management, no one size fits all
- Tier system
- Relationship building with stakeholders and system adults i.e. school districts, court, parole and probation officers, juvenile court counselors, and community based organizations
- Identify needs of student and navigate education system with youth and their families
- Advocacy and mentorship



Assistance needed for successful reentry

- Location of school records (transcripts and IEP)
- Identification and important documents if needed (e.g., state ID, social security card,)
- Transportation
- Food and Clothing
- Library Card
- School Supplies
- Technology Assistance
- Employment



Reducing Barriers

- One of the primary goals of Transition Specialists is to identify barriers to school engagement and reentry.
 - Supports given but not limited to:
 - Attending Individualized Education Plan (IEP) meetings
 - Attending parent/teacher conferences
 - Meetings with school personnel i.e. counselors, vice principals, dean of students, etc.
 - Provide resources such as tutoring, school supplies, and items for after activities



B2B Successes

- B2B has served over 500 youth and their families.
- In the 19-20 SY, 50% of B2B youth received a diploma and 16% received a GED.
- In the 19-20 SY, 80% of B2B were regularly attended school; the statewide average is 73% in comparison.
- In 2020-21, 26 eligible youth were assisted in obtaining employment.

Want to work with us? Send us a referral!

- You can send referrals for eligible youth to our email: b2breferral@mesd.k12.or.us
- Please include:
 - Name of youth and JJIS #
 - Any relevant information and contact info for guardians, youth and involved adults such as mentor
 - Any identified immediate support needed



Thank you!







barstobridges.com



Contact Us

Christine Otto

Senior Administrator - Safety and Justice

cotto@mesd.k12.or.us

1-(503)-260-1138 (cell/text)

Sidonia Simpson

Court Intervention/Referral Specialist

ssimpson@mesd.k12.or.us

1-(971)-710-2010 (cell/text)

Micaella Flores

Senior Transition Specialist

mflores@mesd.k12.or.us

1-(971) 517-7953 (cell/text)

B2B Referral email:

b2breferral@mesd.k12.or.us



Questions for us?



The Implementation of B2B

- Donald E. Long Detention Center serves the largest youth population in Oregon with 3 major counties: Multnomah, Washington, and Clackamas.
- The Donald E. Long School has the highest concentration of African American, Black and mixed-race youth enrolled in school.
- More than ANY other Oregon public school <u>at just</u> under 19%. (Based on ADM Data, 2010 to 2015; Scott Ryan at MESD)

House Bill 2016

- Directs the Oregon Department of Education (ODE) to develop and implement a statewide education plan for African American/Black students who are in early childhood through post-secondary education programs.
- Directs the ODE to convene an advisory group comprised of members of the African American and Black community, and other stakeholders from across the state, to provide guidance.

B2B is Statewide

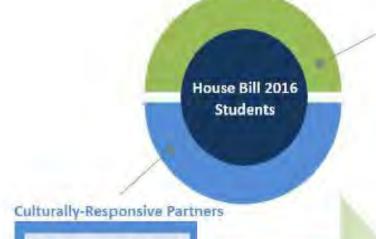
B2B Transition Specialists provide educational and career supports to students (ages 11-24) across Oregon.

- Benton County
- Clackamas County
- Lane County
- Linn County
- Marion County
- Multnomah County
- Washington County



Goals of B2B

- The original goals of the grant were to:
 - Reduce the number of days African American, Black, Biracial and Multiracial students are unenrolled from their home and neighborhood school.
 - Our aim was enrollment within 72 hours of leaving detention/incarceration.
 - Increase African American, Black, Biracial and Multiracial student engagement in before/after school activities.
- With expansion of the grant, we are able to serve a larger population that extends beyond youth of Black heritage and include other BIPOC students.



Develop a transition action plan that is culturally specific and aligned to the MESD

Oregon Leadership

Network Equity Plan

Provide professional development (PD) to transition specialist and school districts

Transition Specialists meet biweekly with culturally-responsive partners

ACTIVITIES

WITH STUDENTS

Lead groups to promote successful transitions

Meet as exiting detention system
Provide community access information

WITH COMMUNITY ORGANIZATIONS & LAW ENFORCEMENT

Maintain contacts to support reentry and/or crime prevention Collect/disseminate reentry and outreach program information

WITH SCHOOLS/DISTRICTS

Meet with school officials and teachers to discuss barriers and PD opportunities

Visit with MESD's 8 component districts and Yamhill County

WITH STAKEHOLDERS

Facilitate quarterly meetings Meet to discuss barriers

WITH PARENTS/GUARDIANS Coordinate outreach

SHORT-TERM OUTCOMES

SCHOOL-RELATED

Increase rate of re-entry to neighborhood school

Increase school engagement

Increase student capacity to engage in after school activities

Decrease chronic absenteeism

PARENT/GUARDIAN-RELATED

Increase engagement with students and resources

Increase knowledge of education system's policies and procedures

JUVENILE DETENTION-RELATED

Decrease status violations

Decrease recidivism

Increase connections between justice system workers (e.g., Parole Officers) and schools/districts

Increase student engagement with shared resources

LONG-TERM OUTCOMES

Increase access to path for graduation and post-secondary entry

Develop one consistent re-entry process Increase successful re-entry for students in neighborhoods schools or alternative schools.

Increase in trauma-informed pedagogy

Decrease in exclusionary discipline

Raise awareness of discipline

disproportionality

Increase parent/guardian and student access to supports and prevention resources

Bars to Bridges Final Report 2016-2017 RMC Research Corporation

What is a Transition Specialist?

- This support builds positive and trust-based relationships between the Transition Specialist, the student, the student's family and other involved adults.
 Fostering these relationships is the life-blood of B2B.
- These same services are also offered to the siblings of eligible youth. Additionally, B2B assists the families of youth in connecting with wraparound resources, as well as social and community services

Common Barriers

- Educational disruption
- Lack of credits
- Lack of focus
- Juvenile justice system
- Mental health
- Family dynamics
- Crossover youth
- Navigating education system



Case Management

- Tier System
 - Tiers 0-4
 - 0: No contact
 - 1: Self sufficient, 1 point of contact every other week
 - 2: Two points of contact within 2 weeks
 - 3: 3 points of contact in 1 week
 - 4: Highest number of contact- everyday



Independent Research Findings

- B2B had independent research done by Research Making Change (RMC) in 2017 and 2019.
- Focus groups conducted with:
 - Transition Specialists
 - B2B youth
 - Juvenile Court Counselors
 - Culturally Responsive Project Partners



Independent Research Findings

Focus groups conducted by RMC Research in 2019 reported that B2B transition specialists:

- Motivated youth to want to go back to school.
- Informed students and their families about options and helped them choose a reentry setting: neighborhood school, GED, alternative school
- Helped students and their families complete re-enrollment paperwork.
- Advocated for students at schools, where students often feel the schools do not want them back.

Best Practices

- Mentorship and Advocacy
- Cultural Responsiveness and Individualized Support
- Trauma-Informed
- Professional Development and Culturally Responsive Partners
- Reducing Barriers in School Reentry



Expansion of B2B

- With the success of Bars to Bridges, the program expanded to include additional funding.
- B2B also received a Youth Development Community Investment Grant for Youth Workforce and Innovation from the Youth Development Division in 2019. This grant has expanded B2B services to more fully support obtaining job skills, workforce access and career preparation for B2B-eligible youth and their siblings.
- Applied and received grant to serve American Indian/Alaska Native youth in 2020.



Professional Development

- Not only do Transition Specialists have the opportunity to receive professional development, we also provide it to educators across Oregon.
- The topics of PD provided include:
 - Critical Race Theory
 - Violence Prevention and Verbal De-escalation
 - School to Prison Pipeline
 - Culturally Responsive Pedagogy
 - Book Studies
- B2B has offered over 135 PDU's to educators and community professionals



Lessons Learned

- The importance of quality Transition Specialists
- Culturally responsive community providers.
- Providing professional development to Oregon educators and administrators to help make systemic changes.
- Community partnerships and resources.
- Celebrate the youth!
 - Dave and Busters, Oaks Park Amusement, KingPins Bowling Alley, Grand Central Arcade and Bowling and Movie Theaters.



By the numbers

Oregon Facts

ACLU reports that in 2008-2009:

- African American youth represented 2.94% of the student population.
- They represented <u>over twice</u> the proportion (6.13%) of students <u>disciplined.</u>



Oregon Public School Discipline: Expulsions

The disproportionate impact of expulsions on youth of color in Oregon is similar to that for suspensions:

Again, although African Americans comprised
 2.94% of the total student population, they made up 4.93% of those students expelled



Oregon Public School Discipline: Alternative School Setting

- Although African American students comprised 2.94% of the total student population in 2008-2009, they represented over twice that proportion when it came to removal to alternative education settings (7.23%).
- When looking at the share of the racial group removed, 9.26% of African American students – almost <u>one in ten</u> – were removed.

Oregon Public School Discipline: Suspensions

In 2008-2009, although African American youth represented 2.94% of the total student population in Oregon:

- They represented more than twice that proportion (7.37%) when it came to students suspended outside of school.
- And 4.09% of those suspended in school.



Workforce Development

- Activities employed from the workforce grant also facilitate more opportunities for B2B-eligible youth and their siblings to enroll in combined education-career programs, trade schools, CTE programs and vocational programs.
- Family and Work Lead helps Transition
 Specialists and their youth with applying for jobs.

Workforce Development

Job assistance for youth:

- Resume building
- Job Application
- Interview help
- Location of required documents for application
- Transportation
- Career clothing
- Identification of trades programs, vocational, and CTE



Specific Roles

- With the expansion of the grant, lead roles were placed with Transition Specialists around specific areas.
- These include:
 - Work and Family (YDD Grant)
 - Community Partnership
 - Court Intervention
 - Professional Development
 - American Indian/Alaska Native Lead



"KTS Updates 100721"

Keys to Success Updates

September 2021

Peer Review (August 24-26, 2021)

OJD NPC CJC Yamhill County JDTC

What does a peer review look like?

Evaluate program documents

Observe staffing & court

Youth & parent focus groups

Individual team interviews

Final team debrief

Areas to celebrate

- Cohesive, diverse team with respect for each other's perspectives
 - Recovery mentor
 - Latino Network for cultural support
 - Bx Health Liaison
- Juvenile Counselors go far beyond the role of standard PO
- Coordinator giving team support and resources for success
- Judge Proctor
 - Openness to learn
 - Engagement in the courtroom
 - Human approach to interaction (i.e., no robe, not sitting at the bench)

More areas to celebrate

- COVID-19 adaptations
- Incentive ratio (i.e., 4:1)
- Focus on family therapy & parent engagement
- Data Collection
- Treatment integration
- Drug testing
 - Use of technology
 - Parent engagement
 - Focus on community collection



Areas for Improvement

More opportunities to support and recognize parents

Educational liaison

Clarity in Court around use of incentives, sanctions, and therapeutic adjustments

Enhanced treatment resources

Clarity around legal benefit & expunction process

Role clarification in writing

- Updated MOUs to include agency role and responsibilities
- Role specific training



- OJJDP Grant Application Submitted
 - Update expected before end of the year

Funding

- CJC Grant Approved!
 - 2021-2023
 - Full time Juvenile Counselor
 - Treatment
 - Attendance to NADCP in 2022

Violent Felonies

 Violent felony adjudications (past or present are excluded)

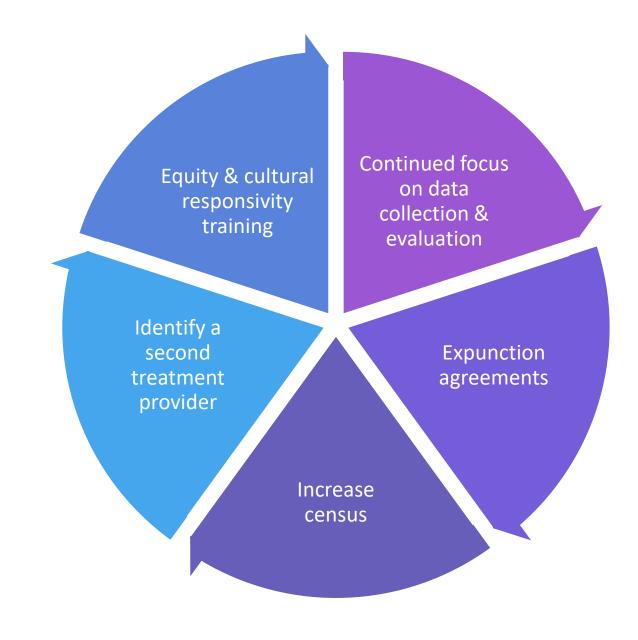
HOWEVER

• Plea offers do *sometimes* make youth eligible

Plea Considerations for Violent Felonies

- Plea offers are made with may considerations (many of which are outside of the WCJD purview)
- If AOD is an identified issue, the defense attorney would be best suited to bring this to the DDA attention
 - UAs
 - AOD evaluation
 - Any information that would show their offense may have been driven by AOD

What is next?



"Legislative updates"

Summary of Changes in Juvenile Justice programs and laws

- Family Navigators Program with IRCO, Latino Network and Centro, 2017
- Mentoring Program with Latino Network 2018
- Start of School Justice Project with CJJR 2019
- Early Intervention Program with Latino Network
 2020
- SB 1008 statutory reform 2020
- Diversion Program starting 2021/22
- Decriminalization of possession of substances
 2021
- Automatic Expunction of Informal offenses 2022
- Elimination of Juvenile Fines and Fees 2022

Next Steps

Application to Center for Juvenile Justice Reform for their Breakthrough Collaborative Series Technical Assistance Project: Transforming the Youth Justice System—Promoting Equity, Community and Wellbeing for Youth of Color

- Ensure racial justice, fairness and equity at all levels
- Partner with youth and families in strength-based ways that reflect shared power
- Invest in communities to promote capacity building and community led sustainable transformation
- Collaborate and coordinate across systems and communities
- Employ a skilled, stable, supported and anti-racist workforce
- Promote positive interactions with youth and their families

Juvenile Department 2020 Data- update – lead Kate Kerrigan

"2020 Quick Reference Report Presentation -JCPAC Oct 2021"

2020 Annual Data Quick Reference

Washington County Juvenile Department
October 7, 2021

Data Sources



JJIS Annual Reports

Data Sources

Youth and Referrals Reports +	
Disposition Reports +	
Detention Reports +	
Programs and Services Reports +	
Restitution and Community Service Reports +	
Recidivism Reports +	
Racial and Ethnic Disparities Reports +	

https://www.oregon.gov/oya/jjis/Pages/Reports.aspx

2020 Data



Washington County Juvenile Department Quick Reference for 2020



Washington County You	th Popula	tion	62,267	
Source: US Census data Youth, Referrals and All				
Youth, Referrals and All	2015	2019	2020	%+ or -
Youth Referred	1403	1299		-35.9%
Referrals Received	2197	1916		-41.1%
Allegations Received	3304		-	-60.3%
Crime Groups and Types		2920	1313	-60,576
ornic ordeps and Type	2018	2019	2020	% Chan
Felony Allegations	645	529	276	-57.29
Misd. Allegations	1299	1409	506	
Violations	604	392		-85.1%
Person Crime Alleg.	474	552	241	
Property Crime Alleg	759	666	292	-61.5%
Public Order Crimes	429	494	180	
Criminal Drug/Alcohol	130	69	17	-86.9%
Criminal Other	154	157		-70.89
Offenses of Interest (All				
Indicinal esterolisad but tensional di view	2018	2019	2020	% Chan
Arson/Fire Crimes	13	24	16	
Assaults	233	258	131	-43.8%
Burglaries	36	12	29	-19.4%
Curfew	100	49		-69.0%
Criminal Mischief	148	136	83	-43.9%
Criminal Trespass	84	89	37	-56.0%
Criminal Drug	130	69	17	-86.9%
Harassment	285	330		-60.7%
MIP	167	112	20	-88.0%
Marijuana Offenses	275	192	77	-72.0%
Robbery	128	80		-85.2%
Runaway	695	563	397	-42.9%
Sex Offenses	185	267		-45.4%
Thefts	349	319		-69.3%
Tobacco	52	32	2	-96.2%
Weapon Crimes	56	57	17	-69.6%
Race/Ethnicity (Referred	(Youth)			
	2018	2019	2020	% of T
African American	87	93	84	9.3%
Asian	53	52	37	4.19
Hispanic	473	450	287	31.9%
Native American	11	9	10	1.19
White	754	636	434	48.2%
Other/Unknown	25	59	48	5.3%
Race/Ethnicity (Youth 1	0-17) acro	ss Washi	ngton Co	unty
	2018	2019	2020	
African American	2,133	2,194	2,218	3.69
Asian	7,692	7,795	7,639	-
Hispanic	15,974	16,411	16,474	
Native American	406	386	357	0.69
White	36,130	35,901	35,579	57.1%
			1000	

ce for 2020			7
Gender (Referred Youth) 20:	18 2019	2020	% of T
	73 842	582	64.9%
ALTERNATION OF THE PROPERTY OF	29 452	315	35.1%
Age (Referred Youth) 20			% of T
	130	97	10.8%
1221110	39 637	390	43.3%
the family days are	75 532	413	45.9%
Detention Admissions		228	
Male: 175 (77)% Female:	52 (23%)	240	
African American	16	7.0%	
Charles and Charle	17	7.5%	
Asian	94	41.2%	
Hispanic Nation American	1	1.6%	
Native American		The second secon	
White Unknown/Unknown	92	40.4% 3.5%	
minus fathers			
Dispositions	2018	2019	2020
Youth placed at YCF	19	29	28
Youth in OVA Comm. Placement	6	13	9
Youth Formal Probation	123	155	117
Youth placed on FAA	78	89	45
Youth to Youth Court	53	22	2
Youth on Informal Sanction	501	435	272
not all dispositions are listed Programs and Services			
	2018	2019	2020
Measure 11/58 1008	20	25	14
Drug Court	6	12	26
Harkins House Intakes	102	108	52
Adolescent Skill Building Group	95	84	100
Home Detention	227	213	146
Family Navigators	29	48	72
STEP Mentors	42	82	36
Conciliation Orientation Participants	1101	929	472
Conciliation Mediations	633	516	324
Community Service, Restitution Dollar			324
	2018	2019	2020
CEM House Completed			
CSW Hours Completed	4,296	4,124	2,635
Restitution S Received	\$75,726	\$47,183	\$36,228
Victims Referred Risk and Recidivism	893	1177	886
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- Youth referrals and allegations
- Demographics of referred youth
- Detention admissions
- Dispositions
- Programs and services
- Community service, restitution, and victims
- JCP risk assessments
- Recidivism

Youth, Referrals and Allegations				
	2018	2019	2020	% + or -
Youth Referred	1403	1299	900	-35.9%
Referrals Received	2197	1916	1294	-41.1%
Allegations Received	3304	2926	1313	-60.3%
Crime Groups and Types				
	2018	2019	2020	% Change
Felony Allegations	645	529	276	-57.2%
Misd. Allegations	1299	1409	506	-61.0%
Violations	604	392	90	-85.1%
Person Crime Alleg.	474	552	241	-49.2%
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Public Order Crimes	429	494	180	-58.0%
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Criminal Other	154	157	45	-70.8%

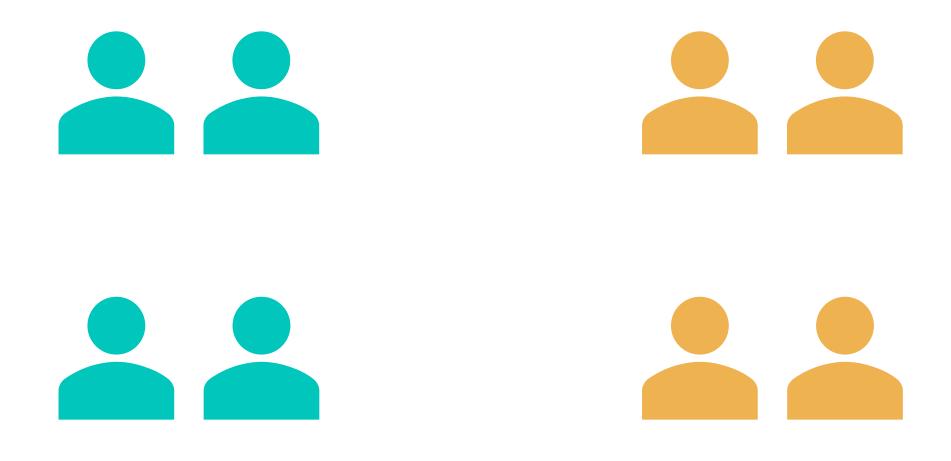
Large drop in referrals from 2018 to 2020

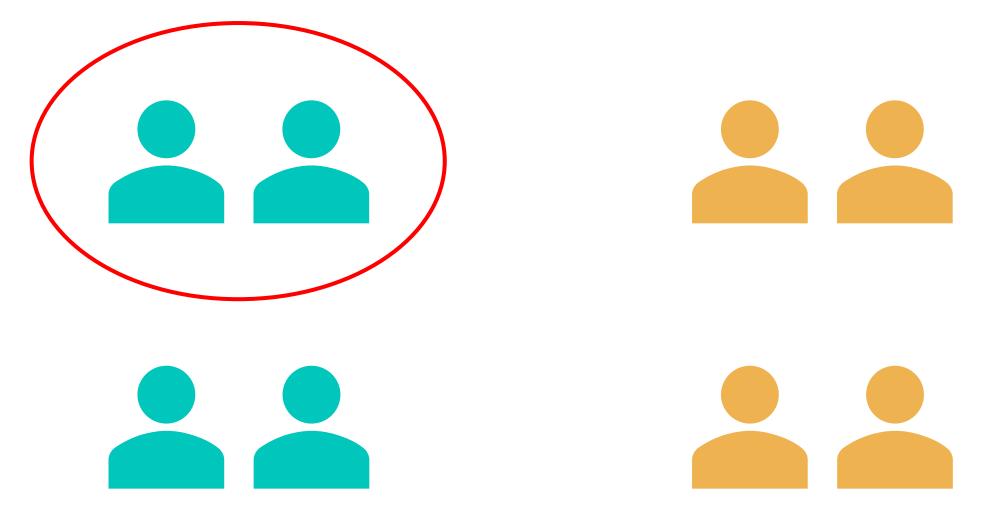
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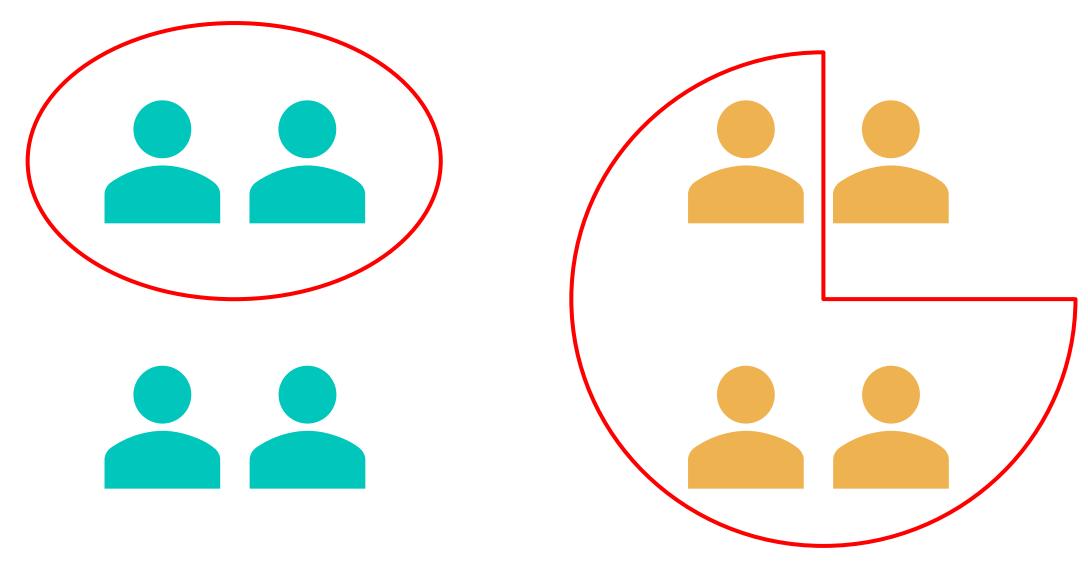
Allegations decreased across all crime types

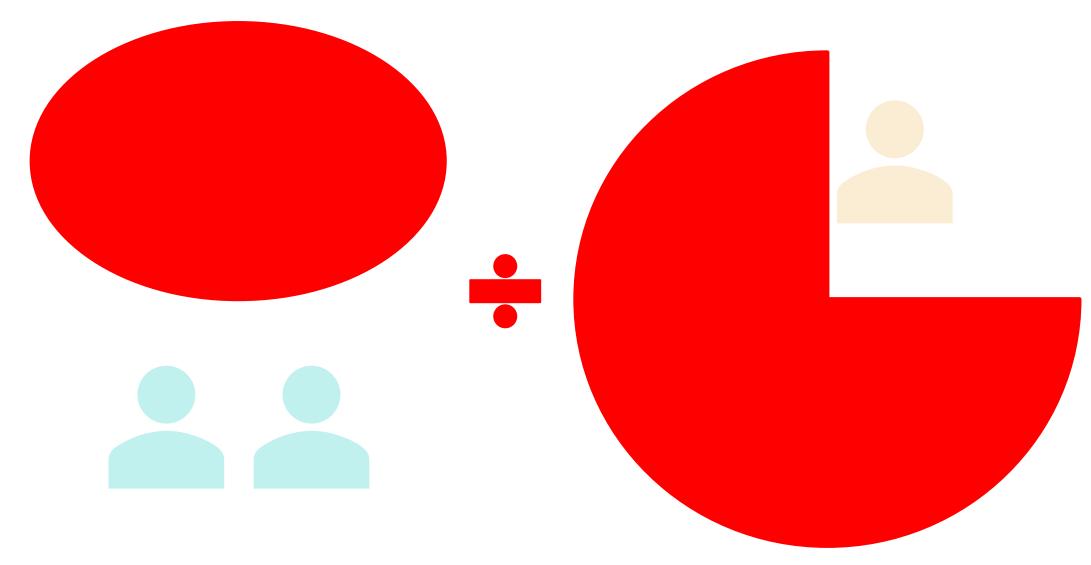
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MIP	167	112	20	-88.0%
Marijuana Offenses	275	192	77	-72.0%
Robbery	128	80	19	-85.2%
Runaway	695	563	397	-42.9%
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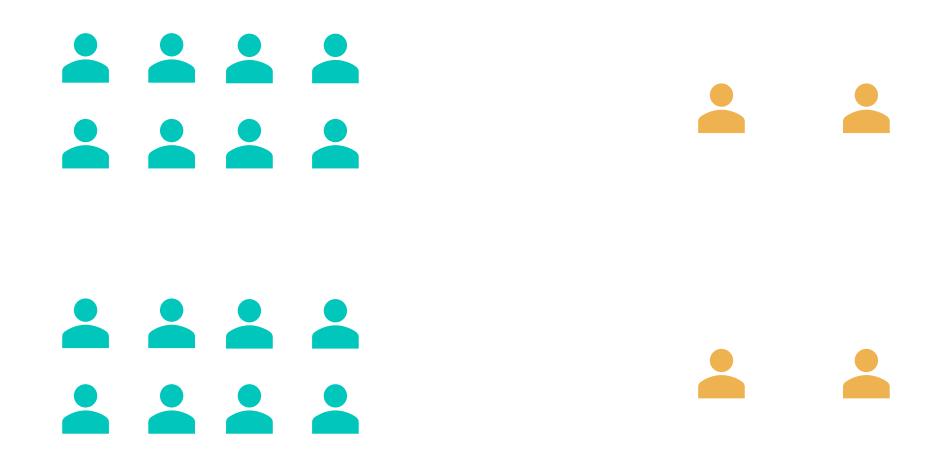
Allegations decreased across nearly all offense types

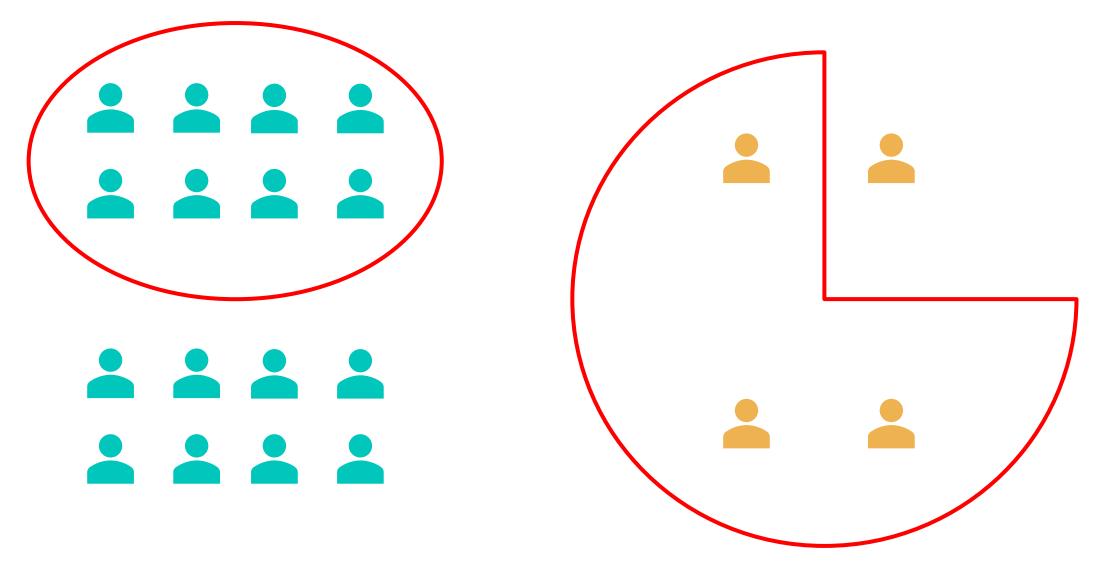


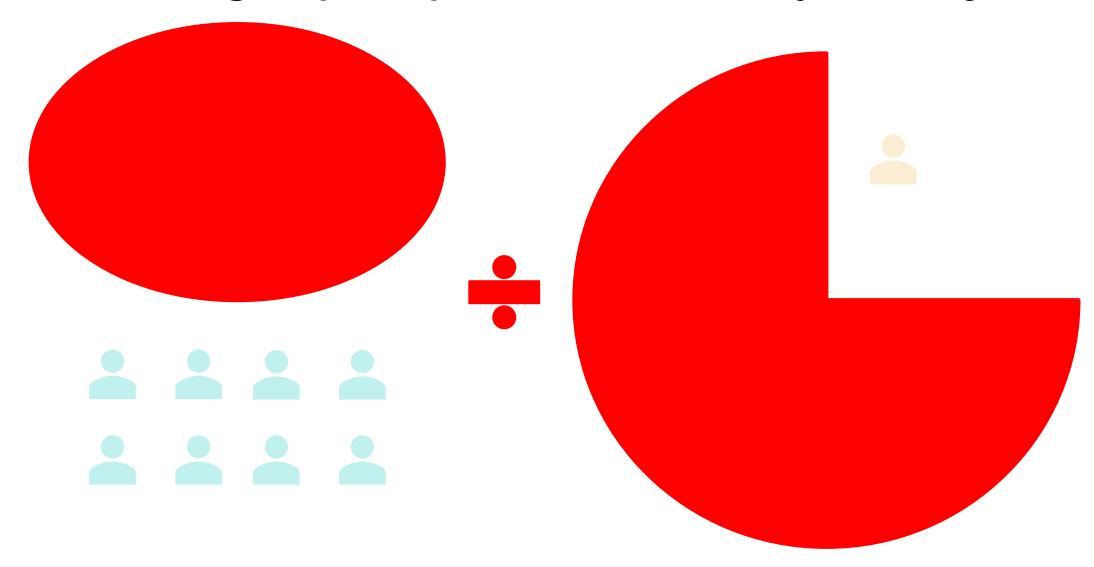












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Hispanic	15,974	16,411	16,474	26.5%
Native American	406	386	357	0.6%
White	36,130	35,901	35,579	57.1%

The proportions of youth in different racial/ethnic groups across Washington Co. remained consistent from 2018 to 2020

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RRI calculated relative to referral rates of white youth

Race/Ethnicity (Refer	red Youth)			
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African American, Hispanic, and Native American youth continued to be referred at disproportionately high rates in 2020

(African American RRI = 3.92)

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African American, Hispanic, and **Native American** youth continued to be referred at disproportionately high rates in 2020

(Hispanic RRI = 1.54)

numbers based on census estimates

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Native American	406	386	357	0.6%
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African American, Hispanic, and **Native American** youth continued to be referred at disproportionately high rates in 2020

(Native American RRI = 2.46)

numbers based on census estimates

Gender (Referred Youth)	2018	2019	2020 9	% of T
Male	873	842	582	64.9%
Female	529	452	315	35.1%
Age (Referred Youth)	2018	2019	2020 9	% of T
12 and Younger	89	130	97	10.8%
13-15	639	637	390	43.3%
16 and Older	675	532	413	45.9%

Similar proportion of male and female youth from 2018 to 2020

2019 2020 % of T	2019	2018	Gender (Referred Youth)
842 582 64.9%	842	873	Male
452 315 35.1%	452	529	Female
2019 2020 % of T	2019	2018	Age (Referred Youth)
130 97 10.8%	130	89	12 and Younger
637 390 43.3%	637	639	13-15
532 413 45.9%	532	675	16 and Older
532 413	532	675	16 and Older

Increasing proportion of youth age 12 and younger from 2018 to 2020

Detentio	n Admissions			228
Male:	175 (77)%	Female:	52 (23%)	
African A	merican		16	7.0%
Asian			17	7.5%
Hispanic			94	41.2%
Native A	merican		1	1.6%
White			92	40.4%
Unknown	n/Unknown		8	3.5%

The majority of detention admissions in 2020 were of youth identified as either Hispanic or white

Dispositions			
	2018	2019	2020
Youth placed at YCF	19	29	28
Youth in OYA Comm. Placement	6	13	9
Youth Formal Probation	123	155	117
Youth placed on FAA	78	89	45
Youth to Youth Court	53	22	2
Youth on Informal Sanction	501	435	272
not all dispositions are listed			

There were large declines in FAAs and informal sanction dispositions from 2018 to 2020

Programs and Services			
	2018	2019	2020
Measure 11/SB 1008	20	25	14
Drug Court	6	12	13
Harkins House Intakes	102	108	52
Adolescent Skill Building Group	95	84	100
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Family Navigators	29	48	72
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Participation rates in programs/ services varied differently in programs from 2018 to 2020

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Participation rates in programs/ services varied differently in programs from 2018 to 2020

Community Service, Restitution Dollars, and Victims				
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CSW Hours Completed	4,296	4,124	2,635	
Restitution \$ Received	\$75,726	\$47,183	\$36,228	
Victims Referred	893	1177	886	

Fewer community service hours and less restitution from 2018 to 2020

Community Service, Restitution Dollars, and Victims				
	2018	2019	2020	
CSW Hours Completed	4,296	4,124	2,635	
Restitution \$ Received	\$75,726	\$47,183	\$36,228	
Victims Referred	893	1177	886	

Similar number of victims referred

Fewer initial JCP assessments in 2020

Risk and Recidivism			
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IS Recidivism (crimes only)	21.6%	21.3%	
Youth Court Recidivism (crimes only)	9.4%	8.7%	
FAA (crimes only)	40.7%	26.0%	

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Fewer youth assessed as high risk in 2020

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Recidivism rates decreased overall and across all dispositions

Thank you!

Questions? Contact:

Kate Kerrigan Research & Evaluation Analyst

kate_kerrigan@co.washington.or.us